GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120

SFP BIDI DDM 1.25G 1490/1550nm(1550/1490nm) 120KM Transceiver

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Up to 1.25Gb/s data links with DDM

- DFB laser transmitter

- APD receiver

- Up to 120KM on 9/125μm SMF

- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint

- BIDI LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface

- Low power dissipation

- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI

- RoHS compliant and lead-free

- Single +3.3V power supply

- Compliant with SFF-8472

  - Case operating temperature

    Commercial: 0°C to +70°C

    Extended: -10°C to +80°C

    Industrial: -40°C to +85°C

APPLICATIONS

- Switch to Switch Interface

- Gigabit Ethernet

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- Switched Backplane Applications

- Router/Server Interface

- Other Optical Links

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

GB-LINK's GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120 Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA), The transceiver consists of five sections: the LD driver, the limiting amplifier, the digital diagnostic monitor, the DFB laser and the APD receiver. The module data link up to 120KM in 9/125um single mode fiber.

The optical output can be disabled by a TTL logic high-level input of Tx Disable, and the system also can disable the module via I2C. Tx Fault is provided to indicate that degradation of the laser. Loss of signal (LOS) output is provided to indicate the loss of an input optical signal of receiver or the link status with partner. The system can also get the LOS (or Link)/Disable/Fault information via I2C register access.

Ordering information

Product part Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Media	Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Distance(km)	Temperature Range （Tcase）（℃）	
GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120S	1250	Single mode fiber	1490/1550	120	0~70	commercial
GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120E	1250	Single mode fiber	1490/1550	120	-10~80	extended
GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120I	1250	Single mode fiber	1490/1550	120	-40~85	industrial

I. Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	NOTE
1	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T_{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	
3	T_{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3
7	Rate Select	No connection required	4
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	5
9	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
10	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V_{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V_{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.

2. Laser output disabled on T_{DIS} >2.0V or open, enabled on T_{DIS} <0.8V.

3. Should be pulled up with 4.7k - 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V.MOD_DEF(0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.

4. This is an optional input used to control the receiver bandwidth for compatibility with multiple data rates (most likely Fiber Channel 1x and 2x Rates). If implemented, the input will be internally pulled down with > 30kΩ resistor. The input states are:

   • Low (0 – 0.8V):   Reduced Bandwidth

   • (> 0.8V, < 2.0V):   Undefined

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- High (2.0 – 3.465V):   Full Bandwidth
- Open: Reduced Bandwidth

5. LOS is open collector output should be pulled up with 4.7k - 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
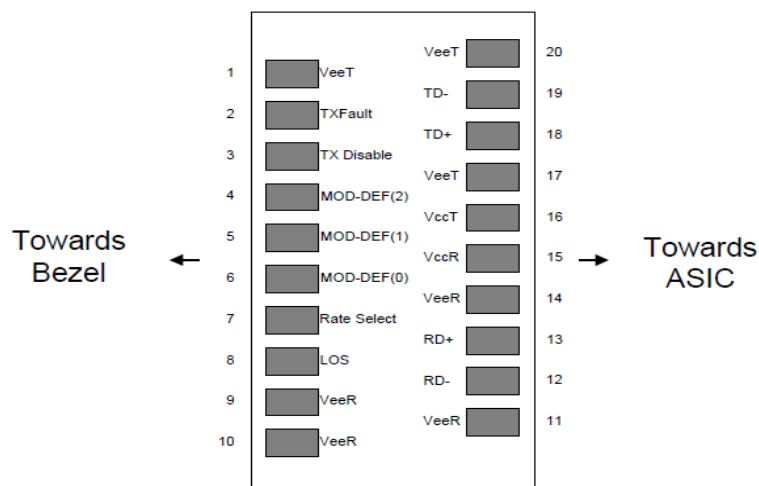

Figure 2: Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	ºC
Storage Ambient Humidity	HA	5		95	%
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4	V
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V
Receiver Damage Threshold		5			dBm

III. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0		70	ºC	XGSF-BL45（54）12-C0D
		-10		80		XGSF-BL45（54）12-C0DE
		-40		85		XGSF-BL45（54）12-C0DA
Ambient Humidity	HA	5		70	%	Non-condensing
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC			300	mA	
Power Supply Noise Rejection				100	mVp-p	100Hz to 1MHz
Data Rate			1.25/1.25		Gbps	TX Rate/RX Rate
Transmission Distance				120	KM	
Coupled Fiber	Single mode fiber					9/125um SMF

Ⅳ.Specification of Transmitter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Average Output Power	POUT	0		5	dBm	Note (1)
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Center Wavelength	λC	1470	1490	1510	nm	XGSF-BL4512-C0D
		1530	1550	1570		XGSF-BL5412-C0D
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	DFB Laser
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	Poff			-45	dBm	
Differential Line Input Impedance	RIN	90	100	110	Ohm	
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE802.3 z (class 1 laser safety)					Note (2)

Note (1): Measure at 2^7-1 NRZ PRBS pattern

Note (2): Transmitter eye mask definition
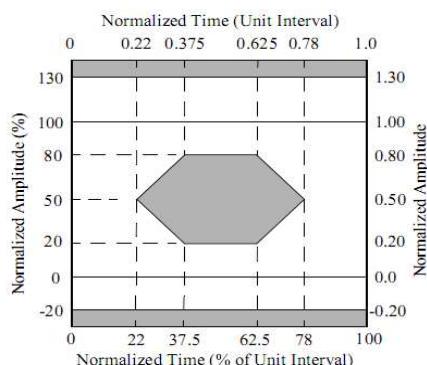
V. Specification of Receiver

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input Optical Wavelength	λ_{IN}	1530	1550	1570	nm	XGSF-BL5412-C0D
		1470	1490	1510		XGSF-BL4512-C0D
Receiver Sensitivity	P_{IN}			-31	dBm	Note (1)
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	P_{SAT}	-10			dBm	
Los Of Signal Assert	P_A	-40			dBm	
Los Of Signal De-assert	P_D			-32	dBm	Note (2)
LOS Hysteresis	P_A-P_D	0.5	2	6	dB	

Note (1): Measured with Light source 1550nm(1490nm), ER=9dB; BER =<10^-12 @PRBS=2^7-1 NRZ.

Note (2): When LOS de-asserted, the RX data+/- output is signal output.

VI. Electrical Interface Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmitter						
Total Supply Current	I_{CC}			A	mA	Note (1)
Transmitter Disable Input-High	V_{DISH}	2		Vcc+0.3	V	
Transmitter Disable Input-Low	V_{DISL}	0		0.8	V	
Transmitter Fault Input-High	V_{DISL}	2		Vcc+0.3	V	
Transmitter Fault Input-Low	V_{TxFH}	0		0.8	V	
Receiver						
Total Supply Current	I_{CC}			B	mA	Note (1)
LOSS Output Voltage-High	V_{LOSH}	2		Vcc+0.3	V	LVTTL
LOSS Output Voltage-Low	V_{LOSL}	0		0.8	V	

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Note (1): A (TX) + B (RX) = 300mA   (Not include termination circuit)

VII. Digital Diagnostic Functions

GB-LINK's GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120 transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA. It is very closely related to the E2PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications.
The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, GB-LINK SFP transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E2PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to, and is thus fully backward compatible with both the GBIC Specification and the SFP Multi Source Agreement.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics. Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

Digital diagnostics for the GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120 are Internally calibrated by default.

VIII. Recommend Circuit Schematic
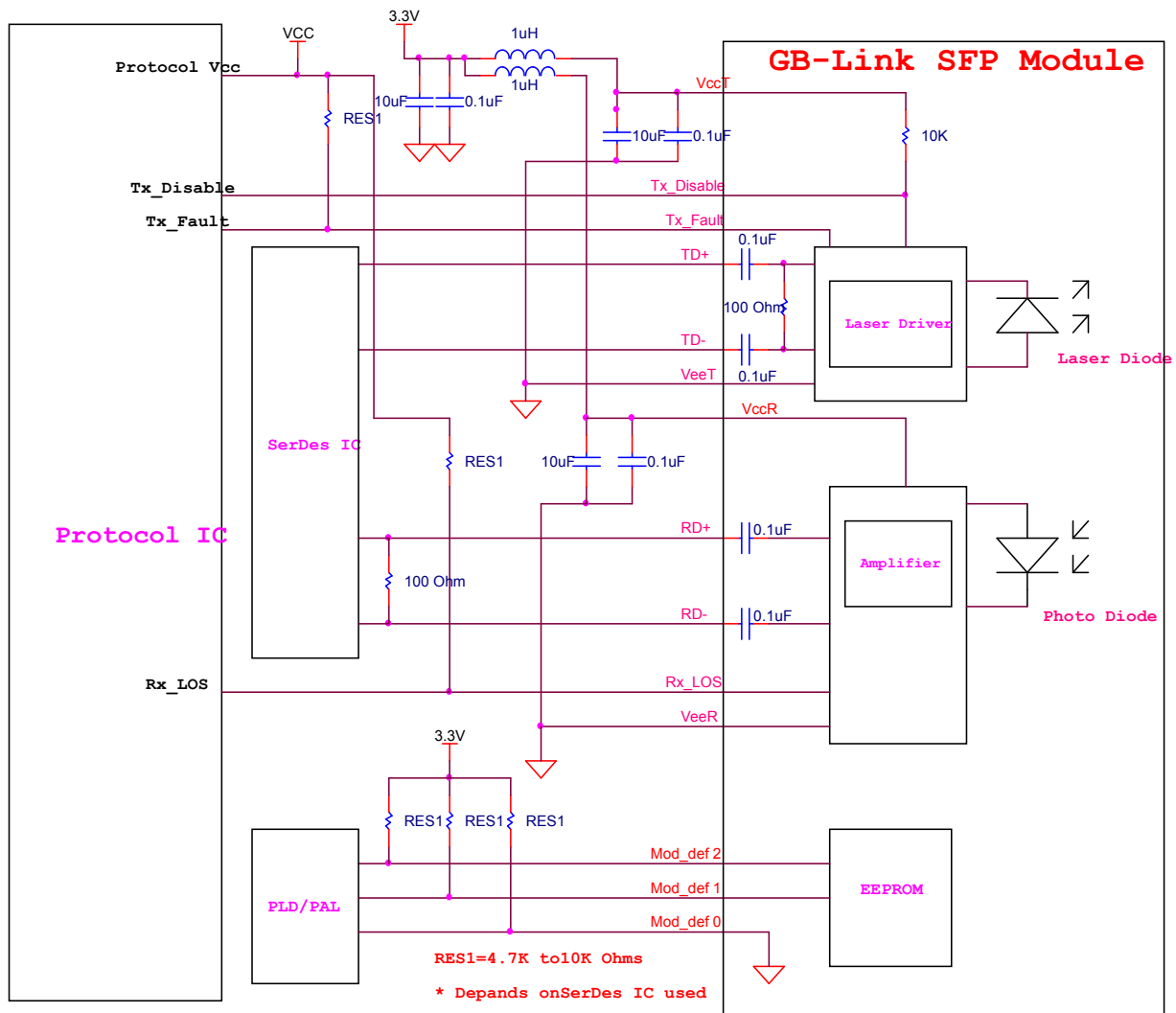
IX. Mechanical Specifications (Unit: mm)

Units in   mm

56.6
55.5
12.5
0.8MAX
8.5±0.1
13.70±0.1
13.4±0.1
9.2±0.1
45.0±0.2
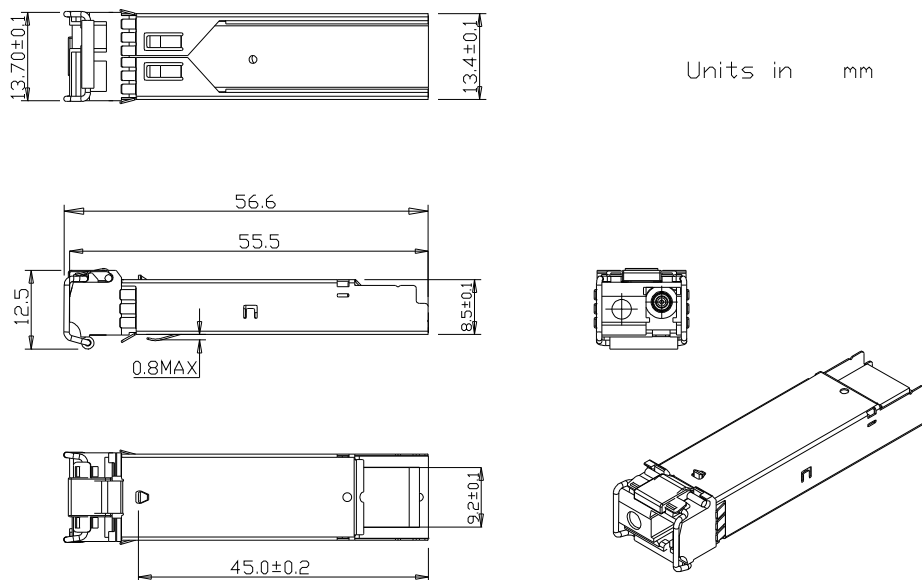
GB-SFP-BDL-2445(54)-120

X. Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge（ESD）	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1，2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950 ， UL	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards

Appendix A. Document Revision

Version No.	Date	Description
1.0	2010-09-01	Preliminary datasheet
2.0	2011-09-10	Update format and company's logo